## Background of the Merger with LG Life Sciences and Future Plan

Sep. 26, 2016





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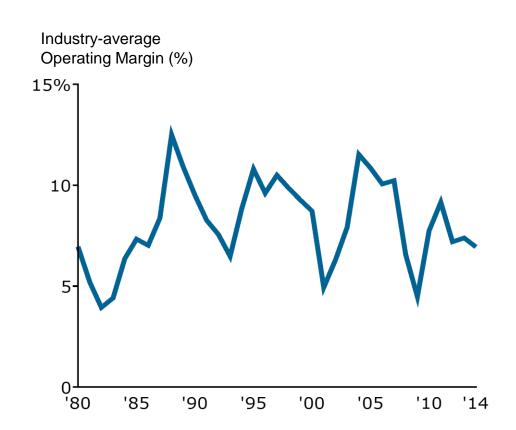
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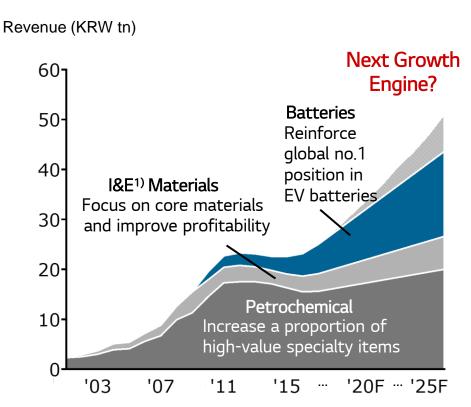
### 1. LG Chem's Strategic Direction

LG Chem has dedicated to building a balanced business portfolio by exploring new growth engines to recoup a volatility of its core petrochemical business and to continue to grow

Petrochemical is a "Cycle Business"

LG Chem's Business Portfolio Strategy





Source: Capital IQ, 1) Information & Electronic

### 2. LG Chem's New Growth Engines

LG Chem is pursuing Energy/ Water/ Bio business as growth engines for the next generation

### Three growth engines

# Energy ELECTRICAL EMERCY STRAIN FYRM

- Focus on EV batteries and ESS
- Awarded EV battery projects: KRW 36 tn (as of Sep 2016)
- Reinforce the global no.1 market position by developing the next generation technologies such as innovative batteries



'Turning-into-a-core-business Stage' Looking forward to full-scale growth and profits



- Secured core technology for water treatment filter via the acquisition of NanoH2O ('14)
- Product commercialization ('15) and won orders from customers



'Early Business Stage' Looking for business expansion opportunities



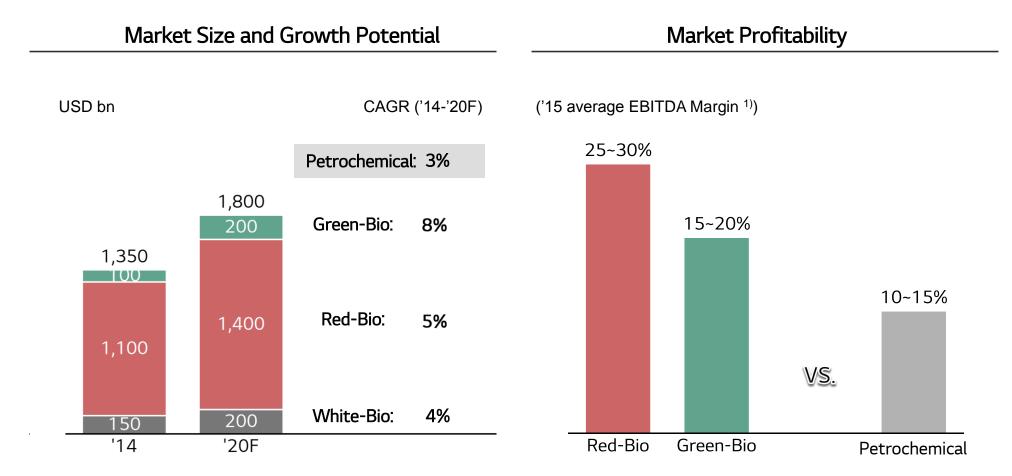
- Established a bridgehead for Greenbio business via the acquisition of Dongbu Farm Hannong ('16)
- Entering into Red-Bio business by merging with LG Life Sciences (LGLS)



'Market Entry Stage' Establishing a foundation for development into core business

### 3. Attractiveness of Bio Market

Whilst Bio sector forms a huge market and allows continuous growth/ high profitability, many new entrants have shown meaningful successes in this sector

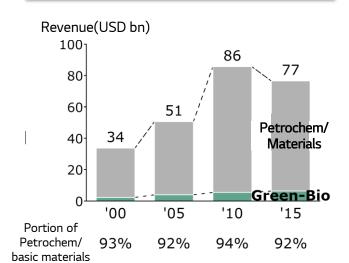


<sup>1)</sup> Global top 10 players in each industry (based on revenue)
Source: Evaluate Pharma, IHS; IMS Health, Frost & Sullivan, Philips McDougall, Capital IQ, Each company's Annual Report

### 4. Leading Chemical Companies' Expansion into the Bio Sector

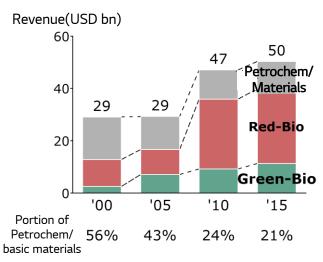
### Major global chemical players are actively expanding Green/Red-Bio business





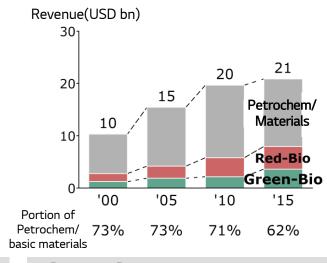
- [Green-Bio] Securing global business
   Platform through a series of midsized M&As
  - Acquired Cyanamid ('00)





- [Red-Bio] Pursuing organic and Inorganic growths in parallel
  - Acquired Roche ('05) and Merck's ('14) consumer care division
- [Green-Bio] Full-range expansion in crop protection/seeds
  - Working on acquiring world's biggest Green-Bio company Monsanto ('16)



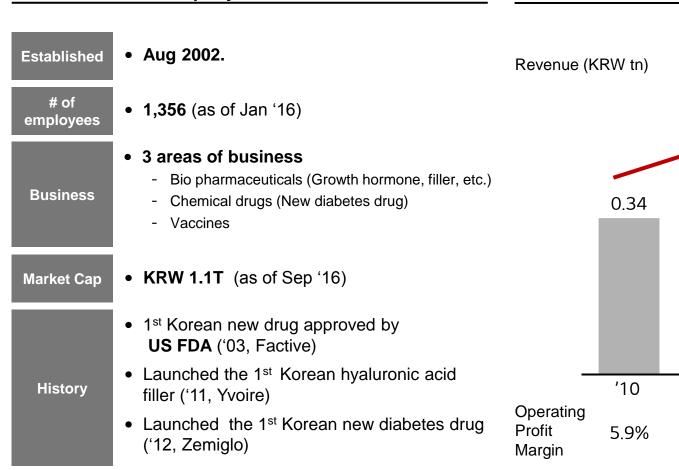


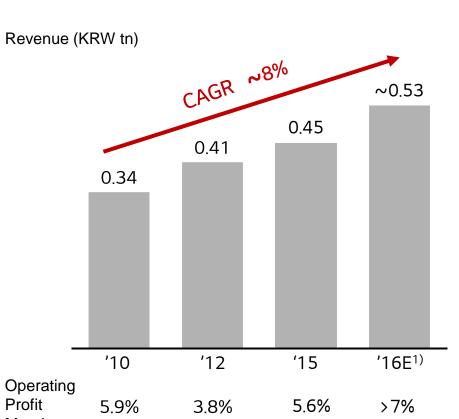
- [Red-Bio] Expansion in domestic/global market
  - Merged with Dainippon Pharma ('05)
- [Green-Bio] Global expansion based on stake acquisition/alliance
  - Acquired Nufarm's stake ('10)

### 5. Overview of LG Life Sciences

**Company Overview** 

LG Life Sciences is an attractive merger target making stable growth with R&D capabilities for bio and chemical drugs.



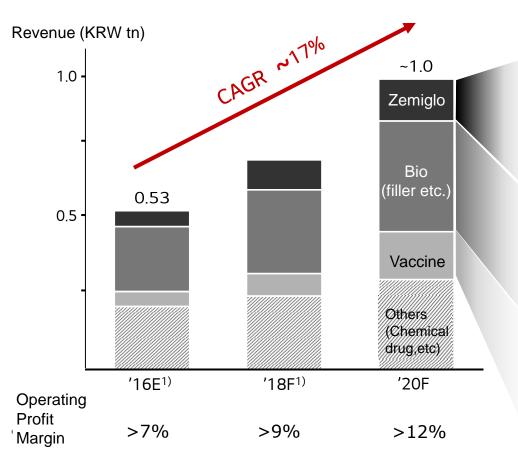


**Key Financial Performance** 

### 6. LG Life Sciences Performance Outlook

Continuous growth can be achieved with already developed products such as Zemiglo, filler and vaccines for the next several years, but expansion of the new pipeline is necessary for a long-term and full-scale growth

### **LGLS's Performance Outlook**



#### 1) Estimates based on the market consensus of recent 2 months

### **Major Growth Drivers**

"Development of ethical drugs<sup>2)</sup> and expansion into emerging markets for further growth"



New drug,

**Diabetes** 

- Better in lowering blood sugar level and less hypoglycemia side effect than drugs in the same class (DPP4 inhibitor)
- Distribution via major local/global pharmas' sales networks (To be launched in 37 countries by '18)
- Revenue of KRW 140 bn in '20



Aesthetic Filler

- Better drug persistence with filler cross-linking technology
- Increase in demand from emerging market including China
  - Annual growth rate > 200% and No.2 M/S in China
- Revenue of KRW 110 bn in '20



- Combination Vaccines, etc.
- Secure stable supply of vaccines and expedite development process through improvement of clinical trials
- Entry into UN public market ('16~)
- Revenue of KRW 160 bn in '20

<sup>2)</sup> Ethical drug (ETC): A drug which in only available legally with a doctor's prescription

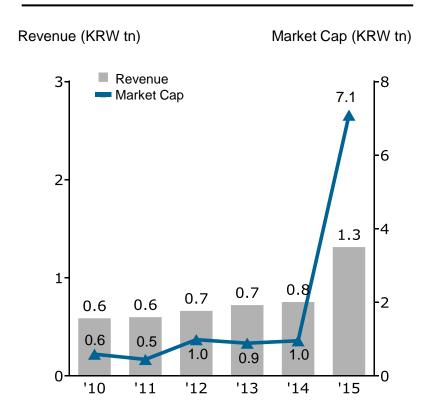
### 7. LG Life Sciences' Growth Potential

LGLS' strong R&D capabilities can ensure the high level of growth with expanded pipelines of new drug development projects

<b>LGLS</b>	R&D	<b>Pipeline</b>
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Field	Target Area	Projects	Research	Pre- clinical		inical tri Phase 2		Approval
	Similar	Enbrel similar Humira similar					00	
Bio	Aesthetic Filler	Next-gen filler	0					
	Cell therapy	Osteoarthritis CAR-T <sup>1)</sup>	•					
	Diabetes	Zemiglo/Zemimet (global)						0
		ZemiStatin						0
Synthetic		Diabetes (New)						
Cymanotic	Autoimmune	Ulcerative colitis						
		Myocardial infarction						
		Arthritis						
	For UN supply	Pentavalent (5-in-1 combo)						0
		Hexavalent (6-in-1 combo)			0			
Vaccina	Supply	Polio (IPV)		0				
Vaccine		Pneumonia 13-valent			0			
	Premium	Improved pneumonia						
		Improved combination	0					
1) Chimeric a	ntigen recepto	r-T cell			Inn	ovative	e new	drugs

Case: Korean Firm "H"



Key Issues

- Focusing on short-term projects due to pressure on financial performance
- Limit in new drug development as investment and capabilities are dispersed

🖒 High level of growth can be driven by increased investment and focused approach to new drug development

### 8. Post-Merger Management Plan

Focus on new drug development targeting global market with re-aligned strategic direction

### **Post-Merger Management Plan**



- Target areas to be determined through detailed review after merger (Diabetes, immunity, vaccines, cell therapy, etc)
- To strengthen open innovation
- To add core talents with expertise (R&D, biz development)

### Maximize cash generation from existing products

• To intensify sales activities rather than additional R&D

### Strengthen core competence through synergy between LG Chem & LGLS

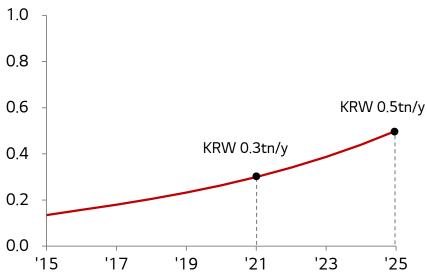
### Do not pursue large-scale M&As for volume growth

Proactively explore strategic alliance and open innovation opportunities

### **Investment in R&D and Manufacturing Facility**

Gradual increase up to KRW 300-500 bn a year
 expand the project pipelines to 10-20 for new drugs

Estimated investment (KRW tn)



LG Chem's additional investment is to be around KRW 100bn/year<sup>1)</sup>, considering LGLS's EBITDA

<sup>1)</sup> Less than 3% of LG Chem's annual EBITDA

### 9. Expected benefit and synergy

### **Expected benefit and synergy**

- Enhancing the possibility of success in new drug development
- Supporting to enhance core competence of LGLS

- Enhancing the competence of Green-Bio business (Farm Hannong)
- Upgrading business infrastructure and reducing financial costs

### **Key contents**

- Gradually increase investment up to KRW 300~500 bn from current KRW130bn level
  - In particular, improve the success rate of new drug development by expanding the pipelines at least to 10-20
- AOT<sup>1)</sup>, Big data driven Innovation of drug development process
- Expedite establishment of mass production system and improve the operational efficiency
- Proactive open innovation and C&D<sup>2)</sup> activities through overseas network of 26 branches in 19 countries
- Enhancement of global business capabilities using the experience of overseas licensing and new crop protection material development
  - Share the know-hows in new material development such as HTS<sup>3)</sup> utilization
  - Share the expertise in overseas registration, licensing, and toxicological evaluation
- Enhancement of breeding capabilities utilizing LG LS's genetic modification technology
- Upgrading business infrastructure in a most cost effective manner (IT system, logistics, raw material purchase, etc.)
- Financial cost reduction
  - Current credit rating: LG LS's A vs. LG Chem's AA+4)

<sup>1)</sup> Advanced Optimization Technology, 2) Connect and Development, 3) High Throughput Screening, 4) Based on local credit rating, and LG Chem's S&P rating is A-

### 10. Why LG Life Sciences

LG Life Sciences is the only company LG Chem can realistically acquire at a reasonable price

"Only candidate among the companies with new drug development capabilities"

"Reasonable price"

"Low risk in PMI"

• There are 6 Korean pharma companies with new drug development capabilities

- LGLS's PER is 35.6x, lower than the industry average of  $41x^{1}$
- Low risk of integration failure

Low risk of hidden liability

 LGLS is the only realistic acquisition target

- No additional premium payment for this merger

- Generally, 30-50% of premium <sup>2)</sup> is required in Pharma M&A deals



Price is too high as its current market cap is KRW 7 tn









Low feasibility of acquiring controlling stake

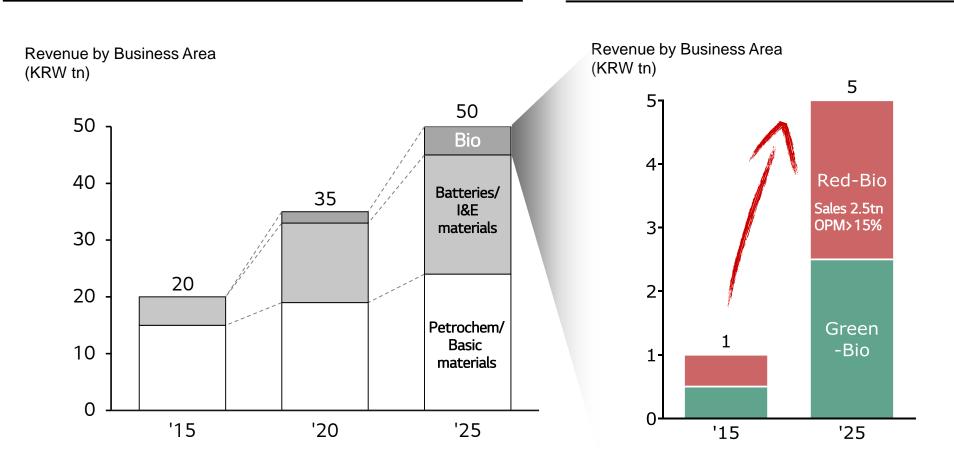
- KRX healthcare sector average
- Based on 7 acquisitions worth around KRW 500 bn over the last 3 years (Endo-Paladin deal required 40% premium and Shire-ViroPharma required 47%)

### 11. LG Chem's Vision for Growth

LG Chem will build a sustainable and balanced business portfolio by nurturing bio business on top of its flagship petrochemical and battery businesses



### **Growth of Bio Business**



### **Appendix**

- 1. Merger Overview
- 2. LG Life Sciences, Ltd.
  - ① History
  - ② Domestic/Global Networks
  - ③ Financial Statements
- 3. Stock Price Trend
  - ① Stock Price Trend by Industry
  - ② Stock Price of Two Companies
- 4. Summary on Small-scale Merger Under the Commercial Code

### 1. Merger Overview

### ■ Merger Timeline

BOD Resolution on Sep  $12^{th} \rightarrow$  Shareholders' Meeting on Amendment to Articles of Incorporation on Oct  $31^{st} \rightarrow$  BOD on Merger Approval on Nov.  $28^{th} \rightarrow$  Merger Completion on Jan  $1^{st}$  2017

### □ Merger Method

Remaining entity	LG Chem	
Disposed entity	LG Life Sciences	

### ☐ Merger Ratio

Classification	Comm	on stock	Preferred stock		
Classification	LG Chem	LG Life Sciences	LG Chem	LG Life Sciences	
Based Share Price <sup>1)</sup>	KRW 253,390	KRW 66,053	KRW 171,629	KRW 43,507	
Merger Ratio	1:0.2	606772	1 : 0.2	2534945	

### ☐ New Stock Issuance after Merger

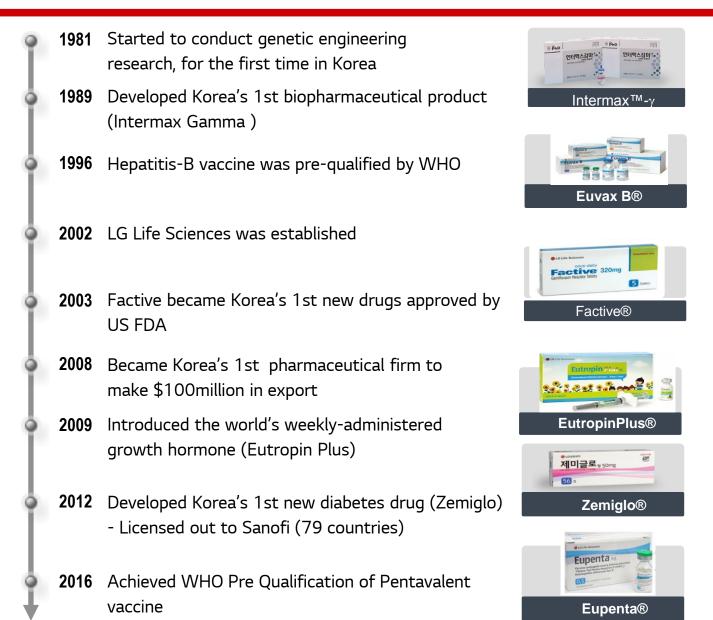
Classification	Total number of issued shares	Remark
Common stock		On the date of merger, new issued common/ preferred stocks will be assigned to LG Life Sciences' common/preferred stock
Preferred stock		shareholders
Total	4,381,122	Approx. 5.9% of 73,900,021, the total number of stocks issued.

<sup>►</sup> New stocks after merger will be assigned to LG Life Sciences' treasury stocks (Including the treasury stocks to be owned by exercising put back option)

<sup>1)</sup> Calculation method of based share price for merger: average of latest close price, recent 1 week, and 1 month weighted average price (Based on Article 165 (4) of Capital Markets and Financial Investment Services Act)

### 2. LG Life Sciences

### ① History



### 2. LG Life Sciences

### ② Domestic/Global Networks

### **Domestic**

Seoul HQ



Research Centers in Daejeon



Osong Campus



Iksan Plant



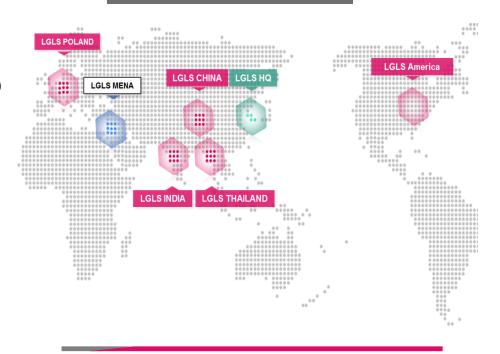
Onsan Plant



- Business divisions
- Domestic sales
- R&D (clinical trial /product development)
- Support
- Biopharmaceuticals R&D
- Vaccine R&D
- Drug discovery
- CMC R&D
- Drug development center
- Vaccine / Biopharmaceutical products
- Biosimilar
- Zemiglo
- Yvoire, Boostin, etc.
- Materials for Factive

- Chemical drug materials
- Agricultural chemicals/
   Chemical materials

### **Global Networks**



- Corporations (China, India, Thailand, USA, Poland)
- Regional Office (MENA)

### ☐ Summary of Consolidated Financial Position Statement

(KRW Billion)

Classification	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Current Asset	221	248	233	262	255
Non-current Asset	280	321	379	391	452
Total Assets	501	569	612	653	707
Current Liabilities	98	118	166	98	161
Non-current Liabilities	154	198	192	306	288
Total Liabilities	253	316	358	404	449
Capital Stock	84	84	84	84	84
Additional Paid-in Capital	147	147	147	147	147
Other Capital Items	-1	-1	-1	-1	-3
Retained Earnings	17	23	24	19	29
Total Stockholders' Equity	248	253	254	249	258
Debt Ratio	102%	125%	141%	162%	174%
Net Borrowing Ratio	47%	63%	88%	103%	115%

### ☐ Summary of Consolidated Income Statement

(KRW Billion)

Classification	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Sales	382	406	417	426	451
Gross Profit	168	185	200	201	219
Operating Profit	12	15	14	16	25
Profit before Income Taxes	4	8	5	2	14
Net Income	6	9	3	-2	11

### 2. LG Life Sciences

### **4** Status by Business Division

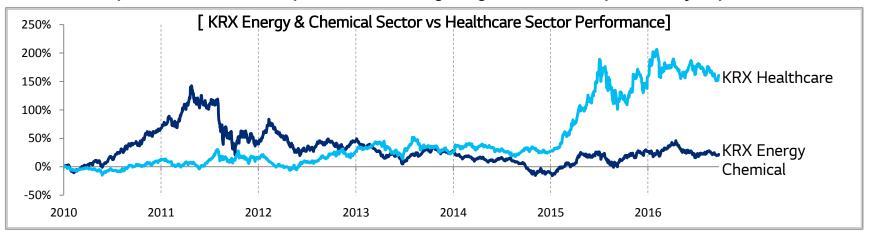
(KRW bn)

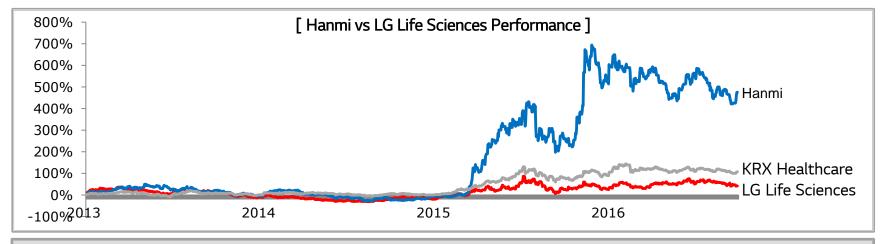
		2013		2014		2015	
	Division	Sales	Operating Profit	Sales	Operating Profit	Sales	Operating Profit
	Total	417	14	426	16	451	25
	Pharma	339	9	357	17	388	29
	Bio	175	32	187	40	203	50
	Chemical	66	-17	77	-18	97	-4
	Vaccine	31	3	40	1	37	-8
Fi	ne Chem	79	5	69	-1	62	-4

<sup>\* 2016</sup> H1 Sales KRW 250 bn, Operating Profit KRW 28 bn

### **1** Stock Price Trend by Industry

- Pharmaceutical sector's stock price performance has been on a steep rise since 2015 as pharma industry became attractive in Korea
  - → Further upside momentum is expected considering the growth rate and profitability of pharmaceutical sector





LG Life Sciences deserves attention as it is undervalued relatively in the sector despite its Bio business potential and R&D capabilities.

LG Chem's recent stock price is lower than the past, however, LG Life Sciences is in a similar situation. Thus, the merger ratio would have been quite similar

### Two Companies' Stock Price Trend

(Unit: KRW)	Closing before BOD	12 month-high	24 month-high	36 month-high
LG Chem	248,500	344,500	344,500	344,500
LGLS	64,000	79,400	91,100	91,100
(LGLS/LG Chem)	0.26	0.23	0.26	0.26

### 4. Summary on Small-scale Merger under the Commercial Code

### ☐ Purpose under the Commercial Code

- To support the revitalization of corporate restructuring and merger
- If the amount of new shares issuance through the merger is not substantial (not more than 10% of outstanding shares), there is not a significant effect on existing shareholders, and therefore the procedures are streamlined to require only a board resolution rather than a shareholders' approval of the merger.

### ☐ Requirements for Small-scale merger

• Article 527-3, Section 1 of the Commercial Code, revised in 2012 (effective as of April 15, 2012): New shares issued by surviving company must not exceed 10% of total outstanding shares

### ☐ Cases of Small-scale merger prior to effectiveness of revised Commercial Code in 2012

- Number of small-scale mergers since 2012: 289 according to disclosure records
- Many cases involving new shares exceeding 5% and up to 10% of outstanding shares

### \* Issues relating to communication with shareholders in case of merger

- In case of merger between listed companies in Korea, the merger consideration and merger ratio are determined mechanically based on the market price on a specified date in accordance with statutory requirements, and therefore it is not possible to reflect shareholders' opinion.
- If information on the merger is known, it may affect the market price which will directly impact the merger consideration.

  Therefore, it is important from the parties to the merger to prevent disclosure of merger-related information
- Discussion with shareholders in the course of the merger will give rise to the risk of major issues relating to "insider trading".